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Maths in action!



Using structured manipulatives to discover relationships in maths and make connections clear

In mathematics and statistics, students explore relationships in quantities, space and data and learn to express these relationships in ways that help them make sense of the world around them.


NZ Curriculum

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What is mathematics?

In mathematics and statistics, students explore relationships in quantities, space and data and learn to express these relationships in ways that help them make sense of the world around them.




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What does this mean for teaching?

- Open ended tasks and challenges
- Effective questioning strategies
- Making Skills and Capabilities explicit
- Opportunities to work collaboratively
- More self-directed learning
- Making connections



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Why is mathematics so difficult to teach and learn?


- Maths involves abstract ideas.
- Maths involves spotting patterns and making generalisations.
- It requires the understanding of number relationships.

Written numerals and symbols alone do not make this easy...

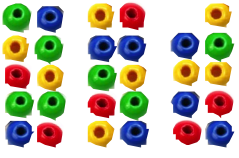
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Counting – a life skill, but clumsy for calculating

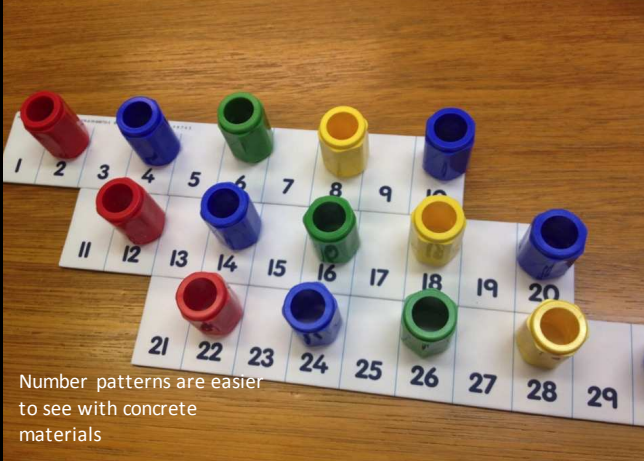


Counting



Patterning leading to calculating

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Number patterns are easier to see with concrete materials

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Multiples of 9

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Some key factors influencing mathematical learning

- ability to sequence
- working memory/auditory, visual
- processing
- language skills
- motor skills
- attitude
- teaching approach

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Numicon is...

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Exploring relationships!

A pattern shows a relationship and more concepts than just counting

Structured number representations show many patterns: odds and evens, +1 and -1, +2 and -2, doubles and halves, x 3 pattern sequence, x 5 pattern sequence, teens, place value, fractions and decimals, negative numbers and more!

10 + 5 = 15

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Generalising!

Patterns in number allow us to Generalise. This enables us to solve problems

$$3 + 4 = 7$$

$$4 + 3 = 7$$

$$7 - 4 = 3$$

$$7 - 3 = 4$$

The Pan Balance demonstrates equivalence and further relationships of numbers

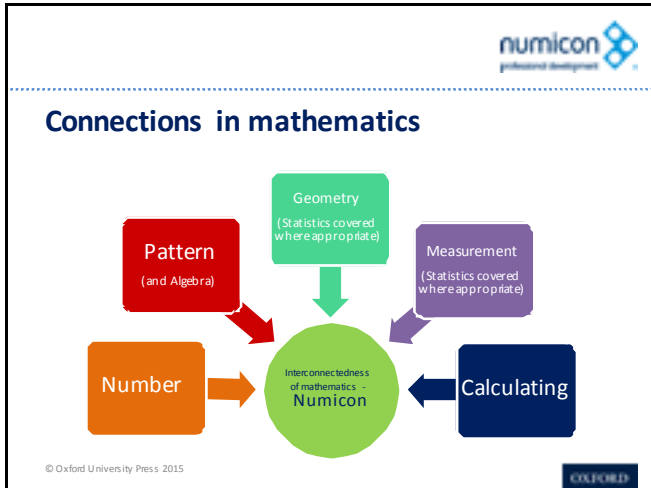
$$74 + 13 = 87$$

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Communicating mathematically!

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Exploring relationships

Seeing a pattern is at the heart of mathematical thinking...

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In context...

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Constructing meaning for Numicon Shapes

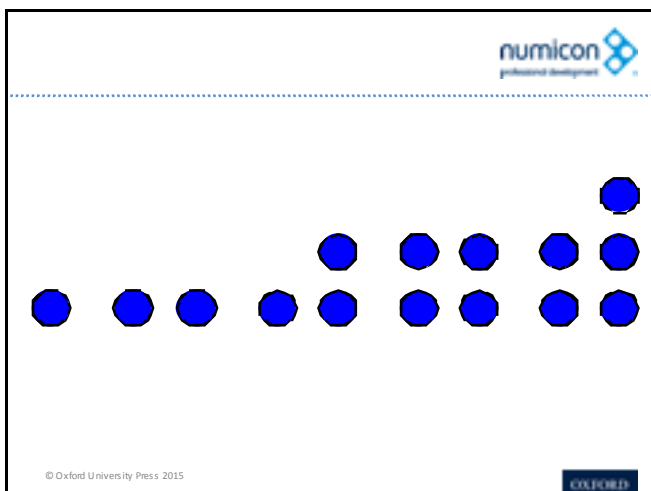
Covering the Board

Using the Feely Bag

Ordering

Missing Shapes

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Powerful patterns

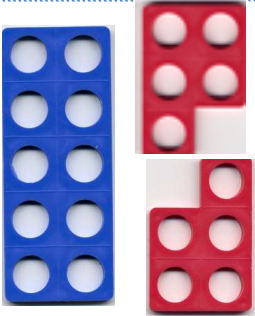
- Opportunity to explore
- Opportunity to talk
- Opportunity to reason
- Attributing their own properties (adjectives) leading to names (nouns) and associations

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Structure enables...

- To know a number
- In relationship with others

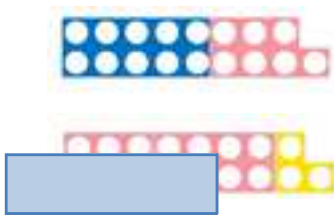
Talk about all the mathematical ideas you can see



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Algebra- patterns of structures

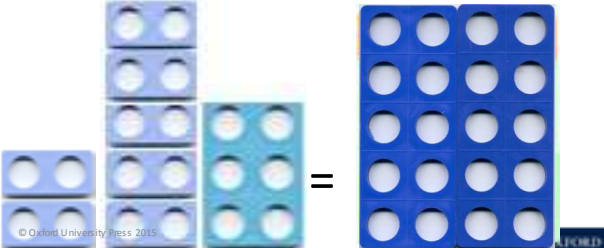
$2a + 3 = 17$
 What is a?
 $14 + 3 = 17$
 $7 + 7 + 3 = 17$
 $a = 7$



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If $x = 2$

$x^2 + 5x + 6 = (x + 3) \times (x + 2) + 6$
 $2^2 + 5(2) + 6 = (2 + 3) \times (2 + 2) + 6$
 $4 + 10 + 6 = 5 \times 4 + 6$
 $20 = 20$




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Numbers and the Number system- Place Value

tens	ones
	
1	7

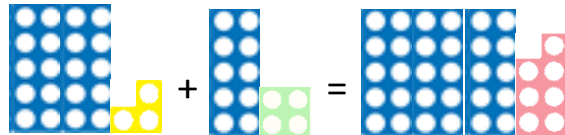
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From Geometry, Measurement and Statistics 4, Teaching Resource Handbook
 Geometry 2, Focus Activity 2
 Understanding reflective symmetry



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Adding and subtracting – higher numbers



23 + 14 = 37

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Multiplication and Division

$3 \times 15 = 45$
 $15 \times 3 = 45$

$45 \div 15 = 3$
 $45 \div 3 = 15$

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Design an alien with shapes

What is the numerical value of that alien?

Describe it with an algebraic equation.

Make it compete with another one!

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Fractions

$\frac{4}{10}$

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Another alien!

Describe as

- Percentages
- Fractions
- Decimals
- Algebraic expression

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What will Numicon look like in our classroom?

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Making pictures shapes and patterns

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What is GMS with Numicon?

"This is a square."

"A square has four equal sides and four right angles."

"This is a square because..."

Starting to make deductions at an informal level – inter relationships between shapes

Use of language and beginning of analysis

Recognition and visualisation – appearance through exploration and play

Design and collaborate in a formal level

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Investigation

Low threshold, high ceiling investigations with Numicon - Cross Totals

- Use Numicon Shapes 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5
- Place one shape in each square so the horizontal and vertical totals are the same
- Discuss any interesting patterns you notice?
- Odds and evens?
- Algebraic expression

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Investigation

Low threshold, high ceiling investigations with Numicon – Six squared

- Mark off six by six on the baseboard template
- Together explore by filling it with your choice of shapes.
- Record what you have done on paper
- Consider multiples, brackets, algebraic expressions

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Investigation

Low threshold, high ceiling investigations with Numicon – Investigating polygons GMS 3

Activities to explore

- Making triangle, square, rhombus, pentagon, ...
- How does the sequence of the shapes grow? Look at the inside angles.
- Make irregular shapes from the list above

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What Numicon can do to make a difference for children!

Children with learning differences LOVE the visual and hands-on approach

Children LOVE the problems to solve actively; better than with pen and paper

Children LOVE being able to talk about their learning and work with a partner and groups

It's confidence building! A real plus for twice exceptional children

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